Use "2009 Young Innovators Under 35: Jaime Teevan, 32" (pp. 4–6) to answer questions 1–6. Then fill in the answers on your answer document.

- 1 In paragraph 1, the author quotes William Chang to show that
 - **A** typical internships are boring
 - **B** Teevan was given the freedom to experiment
 - **C** Teevan caused problems as an intern
 - **D** supervisors are required to have strict oversight

- **2** In the article, what is the most likely reason Teevan wouldn't discuss the commercial release of her programs?
 - **F** The programs had not yet been tested and shown to be operational.
 - **G** She is modest about her accomplishments.
 - **H** Microsoft's competitors might use the information to develop similar programs.
 - **J** Microsoft is responsible for the programs' release.

- **3** An image of the Bing home page is included primarily to
 - **A** call attention to some of Teevan's work at Microsoft
 - **B** explain why Teevan was named a 2009 Young Innovator
 - **C** direct the reader to the best place to learn more about Teevan
 - **D** illustrate the size and complexity of the Internet



- 4 The author organizes the article by
 - F describing the work of several young software experts
 - G providing a chronological summary of Teevan's career
 - **H** reviewing the history of search engine technology
 - J profiling Teevan's current and future projects

- **5** Which of these is the best summary of the selection?
 - A Jaime Teevan, who works for Microsoft, has become a leader in the field of personalizing Internet search results. Through her research, she has found that people often repeat the same searches. She has developed ways of using this knowledge to make future searches more productive.
 - **B** Microsoft Research, a division of the country's largest software company, hires only the most promising and creative students emerging from leading graduate programs. By recruiting these talented employees, Microsoft has developed cutting-edge programs such as the search engine Bing.
 - **C** Jaime Teevan created the field of personal information management. After many failures, which included crashing Infoseek's search engine on one occasion, she discovered some data on the Internet that convinced her that search engines were poorly designed.
 - **D** Personal information management has become an important field of study for computer programmers. Since discovering that people search the Internet in different ways, programmers have been building tools that sort search results according to a user's personal preferences.

- **6** Why does the author end the article with a quotation?
 - F To imply that Microsoft prefers to keep its research secret
 - **G** To hint that Teevan is preparing to change careers
 - **H** To interest the reader in following Teevan's contributions
 - **J** To show the reader that Microsoft employs many talented people



Use "Digital Dad Versus the Dinosaurs" (pp. 7–9) to answer questions 7–11. Then fill in the answers on your answer document.

- 7 In paragraph 7, which term refers to a belief that is contrary to prevailing opinion?
 - A heresy
 - B info junkie
 - **c** environmentalist
 - D petri dish

8 Read these sentences from paragraph 4.

One former publisher told me recently that Barry Bingham, Jr., "was the visionary among us. He said what we didn't want to hear and we ran from it."

The primary purpose of the text above is to -

- **F** indicate the competitive nature of the newspaper business
- ${\bf G}$ $\,$ describe how surprised the author's father was at how things turned out
- **H** explain Barry Bingham, Jr.'s success in the newspaper business
- J support the idea that Barry Bingham, Jr.'s predictions were accurate



- **9** In paragraph 7, why does the author refer to saving trees and conserving fuel?
 - **A** To show that environmental considerations are her top priority
 - **B** To suggest that one of her father's motives was concern for the environment
 - **C** To support her assertion that her father was unrealistic and propelled by wishful thinking
 - **D** To make a connection between the assumed benefits versus the actual results of digital publishing

- **10** In paragraph 4, why does the author choose the word "crusty" to describe newspaper people?
 - **F** To indicate that they didn't allow outsiders in very easily
 - **G** To express what was wrong with traditional newspapers
 - **H** To suggest one reason why they weren't receptive to her father's ideas
 - **J** To establish the difference between her father and his colleagues

11 Read this sentence from paragraph 9.

The swamp clung a little—even to him.

In this sentence, the author uses descriptive language to indicate that -

- **A** her father changed his mind about newspapers
- **B** change comes very slowly to the publishing industry
- **C** a part of her father was still tied to the past
- **D** her father wasn't actually in favor of electronic publishing



Use "2009 Young Innovators Under 35: Jaime Teevan, 32" and "Digital Dad Versus the Dinosaurs" to answer questions 12–16. Then fill in the answers on your answer document.

- 12 What is one similarity between the selections?
 - **F** They both address the attitudes of people from multiple generations.
 - **G** They both explain the harm caused by the advent of the digital age.
 - **H** They both profile people whose warnings have been ignored.
 - **J** They both include observations about one person's unique contributions.

- 13 How does Barry Bingham, Jr., differ from Jaime Teevan?
 - **A** He was unable to adapt to change.
 - **B** He misunderstood the importance of digital technology.
 - ${\bf C}$ $\,$ He witnessed the decline of the industry in which he worked.
 - **D** He recognized the role of computers in the media.

- 14 What is one difference in the endings of the selections?
 - **F** One looks forward, while one looks to the past.
 - **G** One expresses admiration, while the other expresses disdain.
 - **H** One introduces a new subject, while the other introduces a new idea.
 - **J** One uses irony, while the other uses humor.



- 15 The tone of both selections can best be described as -
 - **A** whimsical
 - **B** skeptical
 - **C** respectful
 - **D** nostalgic

- **16** Unlike the author in "Digital Dad Versus the Dinosaurs," the author of "2009 Young Innovators Under 35: Jaime Teevan, 32"
 - F clearly admires his subject
 - ${\bf G}$ $% \left({{\bf G}_{{\rm A}}} \right)$ has no apparent family connection with his subject
 - **H** fails to provide any educational background about his subject
 - J has never met or spoken with his subject

